Product Reload 9 - Bathroom Cleaner Concentrate

Revision date 07 July 2017

Revision 1



Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Section 1: Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name Reload 9 - Bathroom Cleaner Concentrate

Product no. REAQUABATH

Synonyms, Trade names No information available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Cleaning agent.

Uses advised againstNo uses advised against are identified.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Kitchenmaster NI Ltd

11 Comber Road

Belfast BT8 8AN United Kingdom

Tel: 028 9081477 02890812881

Contact person sales@kitchenmaster-ni.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Emergency Telephone Number: 028 9081 4777 08:30 - 17:00 Monday to Thursday 08:30 -

16:30 Friday

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical and chemical hazards Not classified

Human health Skin Corr. 1C - H314, Eye Dam. 1 - H318

Environment Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

2.2 Label elements

Detergent labeling

Contains Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated

Benzyl-C12-14-alkyldimethylammonium chlorides

sodium hydroxide caustic soda <5% non-ionic surfactants

<5% phosphonates

Label in accordance with (EC) no. 1272/2008



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements Prevention

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/ gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

2.3 Other hazards

None known.

Section 3: Composition/identification of ingredients

3.1 Substance

Not applicable.

3.2 Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	Reg. EU 1272/2008	%
citric acid	CAS-No.: 77-92-9 EC No.: 201-069-1	Eye Irrit.2A - H319	1-10%
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated	CAS-No.: 68131-39-5 EC No.: 500-195-7	Eye Dam. 1 - H318, Aquatic Acute 1 - H400, Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	1-10%
propan-2-ol	CAS-No.: 67-63-0 EC No.: 200-661-7 REACH Reg No.: 01-2119457558-25-0000	Eye Irrit.2A - H319, Flam. Liq 2- H225, STOT SE 3 - H336	1-10%
Benzyl-C12-14-alkyldimethylammonium chlorides	CAS-No.: 85409-22-9 EC No.: 939-350-2 REACH Reg No.: 01-2119970550-39-0000	Aquatic Acute 1 - H400, Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410, Acute Tox 4 - H302, Skin Corr. 1B - H314, Eye Dam. 1 - H318	1-10%
sodium hydroxide caustic soda	CAS-No.: 1310-73-2 EC No.: 215-185-5	Skin Corr. 1A - H314	0.01-0.9%
ethanol	CAS-No.: 64-17-5 EC No.: 200-578-6	Eye Irrit.2A - H319, Flam. Liq 2- H225	0.01-0.9%
musk xylene 5-tert-butyl-2,4,6-trin- tro-m-xylene	CAS-No.: 81-15-2 EC No.: 201-329-4	Expl. 1.1 - H201, Carc. 2 - H351, Aquatic Acute 1 - H400, Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	0.001-0.009%

The full text for all hazard statements are displayed in section 16.

Composition comments

The data shown are in accordance with the latest EC Directives. This product contains (a) substance(s) included on the candidate list according to article 59 (1,10) of regulation EC No. 1907/2006 ('REACH'). 5-tert-butyl-2,4,6-trinitro-m-xylene (Musk xylene, EC No: 201-32-4, Cas No: 81-15-2.)

Section 4: First aid measures

Ingestion

Skin contact

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information Provide general first aid, rest, warmth and fresh air. As a general rule, in case of doubt or if

symptoms persist, always call a doctor. Seek medical attention for all burns and eye injuries, regardless how minor they may seem. First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during

rescue.

Inhalation Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give

artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention.

If this product is ingested, remove victim immediately from source of exposure. Rinse mouth

thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting. Provide fresh air, warmth and rest. Get medical

attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Remove victim immediately from source of exposure. Remove contaminated clothing, shoes

and jewelry and wash before reuse. Wash the skin immediately with water. Obtain medical

attention if irritation persists or if blistering occurs.

Eye contact Do not rub eye. If this product contacts the eyes, gently flush eyes with water for at least

fifteen (15) minutes, lifting the upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Avoid contaminating unaffected eye. Seek medical attention.

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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation Inhalation of mist or vapor may cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion Swallowing may result in irritation or burns of the mouth and throat.

Skin contact Corrosive! Can cause redness, pain, and severe skin burns.

Eve contact Causes severe eye damage.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to the physician Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials. Use water spray,

alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media High volume water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products Unusual fire & explosion hazards

Specific hazards

During fire, toxic gases (CO, CO2) are formed.

Containers may burst if overheated.

In the event of damage to packaging, floors may become slippery, avoid falls. Water used for fire extinguishing, which has been in contact with the product, may be corrosive.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures

If possible, fight fire from protected position. Avoid breathing fire vapours. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Containers close to fire should be removed immediately or cooled with water if safe to do so. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Protective equipment for firefighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Provide

> adequate ventilation. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. In case of inadequate ventilation, use respiratory protection. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. If necessary evacuate surrounding areas.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations for normal For emergency responders

use of product.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not discharge onto the ground or into water courses.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spill clean up methods Stop leak if possible without risk. DO NOT touch spilled material! When dealing with a

> spillage, wear necessary protective equipment. Cover drains. Absorb spillage with noncombustible, inert absorbent material. Ensure that waste and contaminated materials are collected and removed from the work area as soon as possible in a suitably labelled container. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Floors may become slippery, avoid

falls.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections See section 1 for emergency contact. For personal protection, see section 8. For waste

disposal, see section 13.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Use proper personal protection when

handling (refer to Section 8). Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment.

Do not use contact lenses.

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Do not

eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep upright, locked up and out of reach of children. Keep the product in its original

container. Store in cool dry areas away from direct sunlight or sources of ignition. Keep

away from incompatible materials (see section 10).

Storage class Corrosive storage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2. **Usage description**Use only according to directions. Replace and tighten cap after use.

Section 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

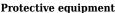
8.1 Control parameters

Component	STD	TWA (8 Hrs)		STEL (15mins)		Notes
propan-2-ol	OEL	200 ppm		400 ppm		
propan-2-ol	WEL	400 ppm	999 mg/m ³	500 ppm	1250 mg/m ³	
sodium hydroxide caustic soda	OEL				2 mg/m ³	
sodium hydroxide caustic soda	WEL				2 mg/m ³	
ethanol	OEL			1000 ppm		
ethanol	WEL	1000 ppm	1920 mg/m ³			

Ingredient comments WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits - EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

 $OEL\ \hbox{-}\ Occupational\ Exposure\ Limit\ \hbox{-}\ Ireland,\ Occupational\ Exposure\ Limits\ 2016.$

8.2 Exposure Controls







Engineering measures Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the

defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded.

Respiratory equipment If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. EN

136/140/145/143/149. The specific respirator selected must be based on contamination levels found in the work place. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate a full face respirator conforming to EN143 should be used, and suitable respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. Recommended: Respirator with combination filter for organic vapour/particulate (EN 141). Consult manufacturer for specific

advice.

Hand protection Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant

standards (e.g. Europe: EN374) is recommended. (EU Directive 89/686/EEC). Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Suggested material: Nitrile. Breakthrough time: >480 minutes.

Consult manufacturer for advice.

Selection of the glove material depends on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and degradation, and concentration specific to the workplace. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and

good laboratory practices.

Eye protection Wear safety goggles or face shield to prevent any possibility of eye contact. Use equipment

for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as ${\rm EN}$

166(EU).

Other protection The selected clothing must satisfy the European norm standard EN 943. Personal protective

equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks

involved and should be approved by a specialist before handing this product.

Hygiene measures Observe normal hygiene standards. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. When

using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after use.

Process conditions Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close by in the work place.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

ColourDark blue. Clear.OdourNo information available.

Odour threshold - lower No information available.

Odour threshold - upper No information available.

pH-Value, Conc. Solution >1.

pH-Value, Diluted solution No information available.

Melting point No information available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No information available.

Flash point No information available.

Evaporation rate No information available.

Flammability state No information available.

Flammability limit - lower(%) No information available.

Flammability limit - upper(%) No information available.

Vapour pressure No information available.

Vapour density (air=1) No information available.

Relative density 1.020g/cm³ @ 20.00 °C

Bulk density No information available.

Solubility Soluble in water.

Decomposition temperature No information available.

Partition coefficient; n-

Octanol/Water

No information available.

Auto ignition temperature (°C) No information available.

Viscosity No information available.

Explosive properties Not classified as explosive.

Oxidising properties No information available.

9.2 Other information

Molecular weight No information available.

Volatile organic compound No information available.

Other information None noted.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Reactivity Reaction with: Strong oxidising agents. Reaction with strong bases.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions Avoid strong oxidizers. Reacts with alkali and bases.

Hazardous polymerisation Polymerisation descriptionWill not polymerise.
Not applicable.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, sparks, open flames, temperature extremes and direct sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Do not mix with other chemicals unless listed on directions. Avoid contact with oxidising

agents, strong alkalis, and strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or

vapours.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information No toxicological information for the overall finished product.

Acute toxicity (Oral LD50) 2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2): 1746 mg/kg Rat. Alcohols, C12 - 15, ethoxylated (CAS

68131-39-5): > 5000 mg/kg Rat. Citric acid (CAS 5949-29-1): 5200 mg/kg Rat.

Acute toxicity (Dermal LD50) 2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2): 0.63 mL/kg Rabbit. Alcohols, C12 - 15, ethoxylated

(CAS 68131-39-5): > 2000 mg/kg Rat. Citric acid (CAS 5949-29-1): > 2000 mg/kg Rat. 2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2): 450 ppm (vapours) Rat 4 hours. Alcohols, C12 - 15,

Acute toxicity (Inhalation LD50)

2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2): 450 ppm (vapours) Rat 4 hours. Alcohols, Cethoxylated (CAS 68131-39-5): > 1.6 mg/l (dust/mist) Rat 4 hours.

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes severe eye damage.

Skin corrosion/irritation No information available.

Respiratory sensitisationNo information available.Skin sensitisationNo information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure:

STOT - Single exposure No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure:

STOT - Repeated exposure No information available.

InhalationInhalation of mist or vapor may cause respiratory tract irritation.IngestionSwallowing may result in irritation or burns of the mouth and throat.

Skin contact Corrosive! Can cause redness, pain, and severe skin burns.

Eye contact Causes severe eye damage.

Waste management When handling waste, consideration should be made to the safety precautions applying to

handling of the product.

Routes of entry No information available.

Target organs Eyes, skin, digestive system, respiratory system.

Aspiration hazards: No information available. Reproductive toxicity: No information available.

Name	LD50 oral	II IIbii darmai	LD50 inhalation
ICITIC ACID	11700.00mg/kg Rabbit	5040.00mg/kg Mouse	
Benzyl-C12-14-alkyldimethylammonium chlorides	379.50mg/kg Rat	3412.00mg/kg Rabbit	
sodium 3,3'-(9,10-dioxoanthracene-1,4-diyldiimino)bis(2-4,6-trimethylbenzenesulphonate)	>5000.00mg/kg Rat		

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Acute toxicity - Fish 2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2) LC50 1474 mg/l (96 hours, Rainbow trout) . Alcohols,

 ${\tt C12-15,\,ethoxylated\,\,(CAS:\,68131-39-5)\,\,LC50\,\,0.59\,\,mg/l\,\,(96\,\,hours,\,Pleuronectes\,\,platessa)}.$

Citric acid (CAS: 5949-29-1) LC50 440 mg/l Leuciscus idus (48 hours, Golden orfe). Acute toxicity - Aquatic invertebrates 2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2) EC50 1550 mg/l (48 hours, Daphnia magna). Alcohols,

C12 - 15, ethoxylated (CAS: 68131-39-5) EC50 0.14 mg/l (48 hours, Daphnia magna). Citric

acid (CAS: 5949-29-1) EC50 > 100 mg/l (48 hours, Daphnia magna).

Acute toxicity - Aquatic plants 2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2) EC50 72 hr = 911 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella

subcapitata). Alcohols, C12 -15, ethoxylated (CAS: 68131-39-5) EC50 72 hours 0.75 mg/l (Selenastrum capricornutum). Citric acid (CAS: 5949-29-1) Toxicity threshold 192 hours 640

mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda).

Acute toxicity - Microorganisms
Chronic toxicity - Fish
Chronic toxicity - Aquatic
No information available.
No information available.

invertebrates

Chronic toxicity - Aquatic plants Chronic toxicity - MicroorganismsNo information available.

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Eco toxilogical information No ecological toxicity available on the overall finished product.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability The degradability of the product has not been stated.

Biological oxygen demandNo information available. **Chemical oxygen demand**No information available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Bioacculmation factorPartition coefficient; nNo information available.

Octanol/Water

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility Soluble in water.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment The PBT Expert Working Group of the Technical Committee of New and Existing Chemicals

in its May 2007 meeting concluded that the following product is a very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance: 5-tert-butyl-2,4,6-trinitro-m-xylene (Musk xylene, EC No: 201-

329-4, Cas No: 81-15-2.)

12.6 Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

INamo	(Fish)	(Aquatic	Acute toxicity (Aquatic plants)
Benzyl-C12-14-alkyldimethylammonium chlorides	LC50 0.52mg/l Freshwater Fish	EC50 0.02mg/l Daphnia magna	
	LC50 75.00mg/l Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow Trout)		

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste management When handling waste, consideration should be made to the safety precautions applying to

handling of the product.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Section 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

 UN no. (ADR)
 UN3265

 UN no. (IMDG)
 UN3265

 UN no. (IATA)
 UN3265

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Benzyl-C12-14-alkyldimethylammonium

chlorides)

IMDG proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Benzyl-C12-14-alkyldimethylammonium

chlorides)

 $\textbf{IATA proper shipping name} \qquad \qquad \text{CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC N.O.S. (Benzyl-C12-14-alkyldimethylammonium}$

chlorides)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR class 8
IMDG class 8
IATA class 8

Transport labels



14.4 Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN packing group III
IMDG packing group III
IATA packing group III

14.5 Environmental hazards

 ADR
 No

 IMDG
 No

 IATA
 No

14.6 Special precautions for user

EMS F-A, S-B
Emergency action code A3
Hazard no. (ADR) 80
Tunnel restriction code (E)

14.7 Transport in bulk according to annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC code

Not applicable.

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/Legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 EU legislation

> December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 with amendments. The UN Globally Harmonized System (GHS) Safety Data Sheet format (Annex IV) is implemented as Annex II of REACH EU No 453/2010 of 20th

May 2010 amending regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Approved code of practice Workplace Exposure Limits Guidance Note EH40/2005.

2016 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations in accordance with section 60 of

the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work Act 2005 (No. 10 of 2005).

Chemical safety assessment No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Section 16: Other information

General information This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Reach Regulation (EC) No 453/2010.

Revision comments This is a first issue. **Revision date** 07 July 2017

Revision

Safety data sheet status Approved.

Hazard statements in full

Н319	Causas agricus are imitation
пэ19	Causes serious eye irritation.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
TT 4.10	TT

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411

Flammable liquid and vapour. H226

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child .

Toxic if swallowed. H301 H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H201 Explosive; mass explosion hazard. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

Disclaimer

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.